

## NAG C Library Function Document

### nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc) generates a vector of pseudo-random integers from the discrete logarithmic distribution with parameter  $a$ .

#### 2 Specification

```
void nag_rngs_logarithmic (Integer mode, double a, Integer n, Integer x[],
    Integer igen, Integer iseed[], double r[], NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc) generates  $n$  integers  $x_i$  from a discrete logarithmic distribution, where the probability of  $x_i = I$  is

$$P(x_i = I) = \frac{(a^I)}{(I \times \log(1 - a))} \quad I = 1, 2, \dots,$$

where  $0 < a < 1$ .

The variates can be generated with or without using a search table and index. If a search table is used then it is stored with the index in a reference vector and subsequent calls to nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc) with the same parameter value can then use this reference vector to generate further variates.

One of the initialisation functions nag\_rngs\_init\_repeatable (g05kbc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag\_rngs\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kcc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc).

#### 4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

#### 5 Parameters

1: **mode** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the function:

**mode** = 0

Set up reference vector only.

**mode** = 1

Generate variates using reference vector set up in a prior call to nag\_rngs\_logarithmic (g05mdc).

**mode** = 2

Set up reference vector and generate variates.

**mode** = 3

Generate variates without using the reference vector.

*Constraint:*  $0 \leq \mathbf{mode} \leq 3$ .

- 2: **a** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the parameter  $a$  of the logarithmic distribution.  
*Constraint:*  $0.0 < \mathbf{a} < 1.0$ .
- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the number,  $n$ , of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.  
*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$ .
- 4: **x[n]** – Integer *Output*  
*On exit:* the  $n$  pseudo-random numbers from the specified logarithmic distribution.
- 5: **igen** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudo-random number and should remain unchanged following initialisation by a prior call to one of the functions `nag_rngs_init_repeatable` (g05kbc) or `nag_rngs_init_nonrepeatable` (g05kcc).
- 6: **iseed[4]** – Integer *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.  
*On exit:* contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.
- 7: **r[dim]** – double *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension,  $dim$ , of the array **r** must be at least  $10 + \frac{40}{1-a}$  when **mode**  $< 3$  and at least 1 otherwise.  
*On exit:* the reference vector.
- 8: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **mode** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $0 \leq \mathbf{mode} \leq 3$ .

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$ .

### NE\_DIM\_INFEASIBLE

**a** is such that the reference vector length would exceed integer range. We recommend setting **mode** = 3. **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

### NE\_PREV\_CALL

**a** is not the same as when **r** was set up in a previous call. Previous value of **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

### NE\_REAL

On entry, **a**  $\leq 0.0$  or **a**  $\geq 1.0$ : **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, parameter  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

**7 Accuracy**

Not applicable.

**8 Further Comments**

None.

**9 Example**

The example program prints five pseudo-random integers from a logarithmic distribution with parameter  $a = 0.999$ , generated by a single call to `nag_rngs_logarithmic` (g05mdc), after initialisation by `nag_rngs_init_repeatable` (g05kbc).

**9.1 Program Text**

```

/* nag_rngs_logarithmic(g05mdc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double a;
    Integer i, igen, n, nr;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;

    /* Arrays */
    double *r=0;
    Integer *x=0;
    Integer iseed[4];

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("g05mdc Example Program Results\n\n");

    nr = 1;
    n = 10;
    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(r = NAG_ALLOC(nr, double)) ||
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC(n, Integer)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Set the distribution parameter A */
    a = 0.9999;
    /* Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence */
    iseed[0] = 1762543;
    iseed[1] = 9324783;
    iseed[2] = 42344;

```

```
iseed[3] = 742355;
/* igen identifies the stream. */
igen = 1;
g05kbc(&igen, iseed);

/* Generate integers and store in X */
/* Use MODE=3 because A > 0.95 */
g05mdc(3, a, n, x, igen, iseed, r, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    vprintf("Error from g05mdc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
{
    vprintf("%12ld\n", x[i]);
}
END:
if (r) NAG_FREE(r);
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);
return exit_status;
}
```

## 9.2 Program Data

None.

## 9.3 Program Results

g05mdc Example Program Results

```
262
21
8546
737
1
1
16
197
53
3
```

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